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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/059,538	01/29/2002	Dale Knoop	1799	5786
28005	7590	11/06/2006	EXAMINER	
SPRINT 6391 SPRINT PARKWAY KSOPHT0101-Z2100 OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-2100			PHAN, HUY Q	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2617	

DATE MAILED: 11/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/059,538

Applicant(s)

KNOOP, DALE

Examiner

Huy Q. Phan

Art Unit

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 April 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 and 18-25 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 and 18-25 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. The Art Unit location of your application in the USPTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Art Unit 2617.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/28/2006 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

3. This Office Action is in response to Amendment filed on date: 04/28/2006.
Claims 1-11 and 18-25 are still pending.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments, see REMARKS, have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

I) Claims 1-11 and 18-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mosher (US-2002/0099790) in view of Gourraud (US-2003/0079020).

Consider claim 1, Mosher discloses a method of selecting a transmission mode for streaming media content to a wireless handset (figures 3A-3G, 5 and 6, and paragraphs 0015 and 0034-0040), the method comprising:

presenting on the wireless handset a set of choices indicating transmission modes for streaming media content to the wireless handset (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277);

receiving from a user of the wireless handset an indication of a transmission mode selected from the set of choices (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277);

sending from the wireless handset to a media server an indication of the selected transmission mode (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277); and

receiving into the wireless handset media content streamed from the media server at the selected transmission mode (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-

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0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277). But, Mosher does not specifically disclose that the set of choices is tailored based on at least one presentation capability of the wireless handset; and receiving a list of available media contents wherein all media content in the list of available media content is compatible with the indicated transmission mode and therefore capable of presentation on the wireless handset and receiving from a user a selection of one of the media content in the list of available media content. However in analogous art, Gourraud teaches receiving the set of choices is tailored based on at least one presentation capability of the wireless handset ("viewed or listened" see [0032] and [0038]); and receiving a list of available media contents wherein all media content in the list of available media content is compatible with the indicated transmission mode (fig. 7 see [0038]-[0044]) and therefore capable of presentation on the wireless handset and receiving from a user a selection of one of the media content in the list of available media content ([0038]-[0044]); therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Mosher as taught by Gourraud because "the end-user always downloads selected programs from the content provider through the service provider" and "for the provision of various types of multimedia content to the end-user. It would be also practical to have a network model that avoids the occurrence of bandwidth bottlenecks at the level of any node of the network, including at the level of the service provider. Furthermore, it would be convenient to provide the end-user with increased flexibility for accessing and viewing, or listening to, the selected programs" see [0004]-[0011]).

Consider claims 2, 3, and 8, and as applied to claim 1 above, Mosher, as modified by Gourraud, discloses:

sending the set of choices from the media server to the wireless handset (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277); and

the media server establishing the set of choices to send to the wireless handset using a type of media content (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277).

Consider claims 4-7 and 9-11, and as applied to claims 1 and 3 above, Gourraud further discloses sending from the wireless handset to the media server a capability indication for the wireless handset, wherein sending a capability indication further comprises sending from the wireless handset to the media server an indication of a make and model of the wireless handset (e.g., SIP INVITE message), wherein the capability indication indicates the at least one presentation capability, and wherein the at least one presentation capability defines a capability of a media player application, is selected by the user, and includes a plurality of presentation capabilities (fig. 7 see [0038]-[0044]); and

the media server using the capability indication as a basis to establish the set of choices to send to the wireless handset (fig. 7 see [0038]-[0044]).

Claims 18-21 are similarly rejected from the same reasons explained in detail above for claims 1-11.

Consider claim 22, method for streaming media content to a wireless handset (figures 3A-3G, 5 and 6, and paragraphs 0015 and 0034-0040), the method comprising:

determining a list of permissible transmission modes for a selected media content choice (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277);

providing the user with the list of permissible transmission modes for the selected media content choice (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277);

receiving into the wireless handset the selected media content choice at a selected transmission mode, the selected transmission mode having been selected by the user from the list of permissible transmission modes (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277).

But, Mosher does not specifically disclose providing a user of the wireless handset with a list of media content choices; and the selected media content choice having been selected by the user from the list of media content choices. However, Gourraud teaches providing a user of the wireless handset with a list of media content choices (figs. 4 and 7 see [0038]-[0044]); and the selected media content choice having been selected by the user from the list of media content choices (figs. 4 and 7 see [0038]-[0044]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art

at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Mosher as taught by Gourraud because "the end-user always downloads selected programs from the content provider through the service provider" and "for the provision of various types of multimedia content to the end-user. It would be also practical to have a network model that avoids the occurrence of bandwidth bottlenecks at the level of any node of the network, including at the level of the service provider. Furthermore, it would be convenient to provide the end-user with increased flexibility for accessing and viewing, or listening to, the selected programs" see [0004]-[0011]).

Consider claims 23, as applied to claim 22 above, Mosher, as modified by Gourraud, discloses wherein determining a list of permissible transmission modes for a selected media content choice (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277), while Gourraud further discloses tailoring the list of permissible transmission modes to the presentation capabilities of the wireless handset ("viewed or listened" see [0032] and [0038]).

II) Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mosher (US-2002/0099790) in view of Gourraud (US-2003/0079020) and further in view of Iida (US-6,952,279).

Consider claim 24, and as applied to claim 22 above, Mosher further discloses wherein determining a list of permissible transmission modes for a selected media content choice comprises: identifying a full set of transmission modes (figures 3A-3G,

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and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277). But, Mosher and Gourraud do not specifically disclose removing from the full set of transmission modes any transmission mode that is not supported by the wireless handset. However in analogous art, Iida teaches removing from the full set of transmission modes any transmission mode that is not supported by the wireless handset; therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Mosher and Gourraud as taught by Iida in order to reflect "the user entered data in the HTML file of reception list corresponding to the operation content, the user is able to modify the reception list in homepage format provided from WWW server section 12" (col. 12, lines 1-22).

III) Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mosher (US-2002/0099790) in view of Gourraud (US-2003/0079020) and further in view of Oishi (US-6,779,195).

Consider claim 25, and as applied to claim 22 above, Mosher further discloses wherein determining a list of permissible transmission modes for a selected media content choice comprises: identifying a full set of transmission modes (figures 3A-3G, and paragraphs 0058, 0062-0077, 0091, 0104, 0113, 0122-0124, 0252, and 0277). But, Mosher and Gourraud do not specifically disclose removing from the full set of transmission modes any transmission mode that is unnecessary for the media type of the selected media content choice. However in analogous art, Oishi teaches removing from the full set of transmission modes any transmission mode that is unnecessary for

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the media type of the selected media content choice (see col. 1, lines 7-25); therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Mosher and Gourraud as taught by Oishi in order for "preventing confusion of viewers by displaying no program guide information in relation to the program information not existing in the NIT among those detected from the digital broadcast data" (see col. 1, lines 7-25).

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.


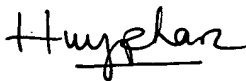
a) Logan discloses that "the server or the user location may employ a searchable database of available program materials (e.g. songs, albums, movies, etc.), which the user may use to select a list of desired programming" (see specification).

b) Shinoda discloses that "the WWW browser program 21 obtains a URL list stored in the storage device as a bookmark (step 52) The WWW browser program 21 obtains a next URL (step 53), transmits the URL to the server 1, and inquires a status of its move or deletion (step 54). In the server 1, a URL change confirmation program (not shown) is invoked" (see specification).

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huy Q Phan whose telephone number is 571-272-7924. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George Eng can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



GEORGE ENG
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Examiner: Phan, Huy Q.

AU: 2617

Date: 10/30/2006